ADDITIVO: UV ADSORBER,

Revision nr. 4

Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 18/03/2024

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Replaced revision:3 (Dated: 07/03/2023)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

# SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

ADDITIVO: UV ADSORBER. Product name UFI: 5WE3-20SA-R005-7QHP

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Chemical auxiliary for industrial uses Intended use

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**COMEC ITALIA SRL** Full address Piazzale del lavoro 149 District and Country 21044 Cavaria (VA) **ITALIA** 

Tel +39 0331 219516 Fax +39 0331 216161

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

Supplier:

info@comec-italia.it Edgardo Baggini

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to

Centro Antiveleni di Milano 02 66101029 (Niguarda Ca Granda - Milano)

Centro Antiveleni di Pavia 0382 24444

(Fondazione Maugeri - Pavia) Centro Antiveleni di Bergamo 800 883300

(Papa Giovanni XXIII - Bergamo) Centro Antiveleni di Verona 800 011858

(AOUI - Verona)

Centro Antiveleni di Firenze 055 7947819

(Careggi - Firenze)

Centro Antiveleni di Roma 06 3054343

(Agostino Gemelli - Roma) Centro Antiveleni di Roma 06 49978000

(Umberto I - Roma)

Centro Antiveleni di Roma 06 68593726 (Ospedale pediatrico Bambino Gesu - Roma) Centro Antiveleni di Napoli 081 5453333

(Antonio Cardarelli - Napoli)

Centro Antiveleni di Foggia 800 183459 (Azienda ospedaliera universitaria - Foggia)

# **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

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Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

Aspiration hazard, category 1 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Skin sensitization, category 1
H335
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity,
H411
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

category 2

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

#### Hazard pictograms:









Signal words: Danger

#### Hazard statements:

**H226** Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER.

P370+P378 In case of fire: use chemical powder, CO2 or dry send to extinguish.

**P273** Avoid release to the environment.

Contains: AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS, C9

1-methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl decanedioate bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl) decanedioate

N-BUTYL ACETATE

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

#### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

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The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

# **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

**AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS, C9** 

INDEX - 25,5 ≤ x < 27 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336,

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, EUH066, Classification note according to Annex VI

to the CLP Regulation: P

EC 918-668-5

CAS -

REACH Reg. 01-2119455851-35

**N-BUTYL ACETATE** 

INDEX 607-025-00-1 25,5  $\leq$  x < 27 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 204-658-1

CAS 123-86-4

REACH Reg. 01-2119485493-29

2-(4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-5-(3-((2-

ethylhexyl)oxy)-2-

hydroxypropoxy)phenol

INDEX 603-191-00-4  $16.5 \le x < 18$  Aquatic Chronic 4 H413

EC 419-740-4 CAS 137658-79-8

1-methyl 1,2,2,6,6pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl decanedioate bis(1,2,2,6,6pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl)

decanedioate

INDEX -  $8 \le x < 9$  Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1

EC 915-687-0

CAS -

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL

ACETATE

INDEX 607-195-00-7  $2,5 \le x < 3$  Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336

EC 203-603-9 CAS 108-65-6

REACH Reg. 01-2119475791-29-

XXXX

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

#### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing

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before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

# **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

#### **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

# **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари 2020г.)
CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte.  MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56
DNK	Danmark	Bekendtgørelse om grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer - BEK nr 1458 af 13/12/2019
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes guímicos en España 2021
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008. n.81
NLD	Nederland	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit
PRT	Portugal	Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os agentes químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos ligados à exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos
POL	Polska	Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
SWE	Sverige	Hygieniska gränsvärden, Arbetsmiljöverkets föreskrifter och allmänna råd om hygieniska gränsvärden (AFS 2018:1)
TUR	Türkiye	Kimyasal Maddelerle Çalışmalarda Sağlık ve Güvenlik Önlemleri Hakkında Yönetmelik 12.08.2013 / 28733
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2021

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Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observation		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Observation	ons	
VLEP	ITA	100	20				1,2,3 trim	netilbenzene
OEL	EU	100	20				1,2,3 trim	netilbenzene
TLV-ACGIH			25				1,2,3 trim	netilbenzene
Health - Derived no-		DMEL						
	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral			VND	11 mg/kg		Зузіснію		11 mg/kg
Inhalation			VND	32 mg/m3			VND	bw/d 150 mg/m3
Skin			VND	11 mg/kg			VND	25 mg/kg
N-BUTYL ACETATE								
Threshold Limit Valu								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observation		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
TLV	BGR	710		950				
TLV	CZE	950	196,65	1200	248,4			
AGW	DEU	300	62	600 (C)	124 (C)			
TLV	DNK	710	150					
VLA	ESP	241	50	724	150			
VLEP	FRA	710	150	940	200			
VLEP	ITA	241	50	723	150			
TGG	NLD	150						
VLE	PRT	241	50	723	150			
NDS/NDSCh	POL	240		720				
TLV	ROU	241	50	723	150			
NGV/KGV	SWE	241	50	723 (C)	150 (C)			
WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200			
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150			
TLV-ACGIH			50		150			
Predicted no-effect conce	entration - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh wa	ter			0,18	mç	g/l		
Normal value in marine w	vater			0,01	mç	g/l		
Normal value for fresh wa	ater sediment			0,98	mg	g/kg		
Normal value for marine	water sediment			0,09	mç	g/kg		
Normal value for water, ir	ntermittent release			0,36	mg	g/l		
Normal value of STP mic	roorganisms			35,6	mg	g/l		
Normal value for the terre	estrial compartment			0,09	mg	g/kg		
Health - Derived no-	effect level - DNEL / DEffects on consumers	DMEL			Effects on workers			

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TLV

VLA

VLEP

VLEP

TGG

VLE

TLV

ESD

WEL

OEL

NDS/NDSCh

NGV/KGV

DNK

ESP

FRA

ITA

NLD

PRT

POL

ROU

SWE

TUR

GBR

EU

275

275

275

275

550

275

260

275

275

275

275

50

50

50

50

50

50

50

50

50

50

550

550

550

550

520

550

550

550

548

550

100

100

100

100

100

100

100

100

100

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SKIN

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Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
nhalation	859,7 mg/m3	895,7 mg/m3	102,34 mg/m3	102,34 mg/m3	960 mg/m3	960 mg/m3	480 mg/m3	480 mg/m3
2-(4,6-bis(2,4-dimethyl) Predicted no-effect concent		i-2-yl)-5-(3-((2-et	hylhexyl)oxy)-	2-hydroxypro	poxy)phenol			
Normal value of STP microc	organisms			1	mg	g/l		
1-methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pent Predicted no-effect concent		-yl decanedioate	e bis(1,2,2,6,6-p	pentamethylpi	peridin-4-yl) (	decanedioat	е	
Normal value in fresh water				0,0022	mç	1/1		
Normal value in marine wate	er			0,00022	mg			
Normal value for fresh wate				1,05		g/kg		
Normal value for marine wa				0,11		g/kg		
Normal value for water, inte				0,009	mg	-		
				1	mg			
Normal value of STP microorganisms  Normal value for the terrestrial compartment				0,21		g/i g/kg		
Health - Derived no-eff	<u> </u>	MEL		5,21	Effects on workers	grig		
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				1,25 mg/kg bw/d				
nhalation				0,58 mg/m3				2,35 mg/m3
Skin				1,25 mg/kg bw/d				2,5 mg/kg bw/d
2-METHOXY-1-METHY Threshold Limit Value	LETHYL ACETATE							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remark Observa		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	- ODGGI VE		
TLV	BGR	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
TLV	CZE	270	49,14	550	100,1	SKIN		
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50			

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Duradista dura effect association DNFO			
Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC			
Normal value in fresh water	0,635	mg/l	
Normal value in marine water	0,0635	mg/l	
Normal value for fresh water sediment	3,29	mg/kg	
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,329	mg/l	
Normal value for water, intermittent release	6,35	mg/l	
Normal value of STP microorganisms	100	mg/l	
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0,29	mg/kg	

Health - Derived no-ef	fect level - DNEL / D	OMEL						
	Effects on				Effects on			
	consumers				workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral			VND	1,67 mg/kg				
Inhalation			33 mg/m3	33 mg/m3	550 mg/m3		VND	275 mg/m3
Skin			VND	54,8 mg/kg			VND	153,5 mg/kg

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

#### HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

#### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

# EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

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If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Information

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

# **SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value				
Appearance	not available				
Colour	not available				
Odour	not available				
Melting point / freezing point	not available				
Initial boiling point	not available				
Flammability	not available				
Lower explosive limit	not available				
Upper explosive limit	not available				
Flash point	23 ≤ T ≤ 60 °C				
Auto-ignition temperature	not available				
Decomposition temperature	not available				
рН	not available				
Kinematic viscosity	not available				
Solubility	not available				
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available				
Vapour pressure	not available				
Density and/or relative density	0,97				
Relative vapour density	not available				
Particle characteristics	not applicable				

#### 9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

# **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

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There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS, C9

May react with: strong oxidising agents.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: water, nitrates, strong oxidants, acids, alkalis, zinc.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

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In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

# **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

#### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

Information on likely routes of exposure

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

#### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

## N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

#### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

Interactive effects

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible

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for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

#### **ACUTE TOXICITY**

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:

ATE (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

#### AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS, C9

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 3160 mg/kg Ratto / Rat

 LD50 (Oral):
 3492 mg/kg Ratto / Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 > 6193 mg/l/4h Ratto / Rat

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 14000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 10000 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 > 21 mg/l/4h Rat

2-(4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-5-(3-((2-ethylhexyl)oxy)-2-hydroxypropoxy)phenol

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg Ratto / Rat (OECD - 402) LD50 (Oral): > 2000 mg/kg Ratto / Rat (OECD - 401)

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LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg Ratto / Rat LD50 (Oral): > 2000 mg/kg Ratto / Rat

1-methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl decanedioate bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl) decanedioate

LD50 (Dermal): > 3000 mg/kg Ratto / Rat LD50 (Oral): > 2000 mg/kg Ratto / Rat

#### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

LD50 (Dermal): > 5000 mg/kg Coniglio / Rabbit LD50 (Oral): 8500 mg/kg Ratto / Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 4345 ppm/6h Ratto / Rat

# SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

# Revision nr. 4 **COMEC ITALIA SRL** Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 18/03/2024 ADDITIVO: UV ADSORBER, Page n. 13/20 Replaced revision:3 (Dated: 07/03/2023) RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION Sensitising for the skin GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class CARCINOGENICITY Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class ASPIRATION HAZARD Toxic for aspiration

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with

11.2. Information on other hazards

human health effects under evaluation.

**SECTION 12. Ecological information** 

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This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment. 12.1. Toxicity

2-(4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-

2-yl)-5-(3-((2-ethylhexyl)oxy)-2-

hydroxypropoxy)phenol

LC50 - for Fish

EC50 - for Crustacea

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

> 100 mg/l/96h Brachydanio rerio (OECD 203)

> 100 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna (OECD 202)

> 100 mg/l/72h Scenedesmus sp. (OECD 201)

1-methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl

decanedioate bis(1,2,2,6,6-

pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl) decanedioate

LC50 - for Fish

EC50 - for Crustacea

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants

0,9 mg/l/96h Danio rerio

20 mg/l/24h 24 h / Daphnia magna

1,68 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus

> 6,3 mg/l Daphnia magna

0,22 mg/l Desmodesmus subspicatus

AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS, C9

LC50 - for Fish

EC50 - for Crustacea

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

> 9,2 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss

> 3,2 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

> 2,9 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

LC50 - for Fish

EC50 - for Crustacea

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

Chronic NOEC for Fish Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 134 mg/l/96h Pesce, Oncorhynchus mykiss OECD 203

> 500 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

> 1000 mg/l/72h Selenastrum capricornutum OECD 201

47,5 mg/l Oryzias latipes 14 gg OECD 204 100 mg/l Dapnia magna 21 gg OECD 202

N-BUTYL ACETATE

LC50 - for Fish

EC50 - for Crustacea

EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants

18 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas 44 mg/l/48h Daphnia Magna

674,7 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 23 mg/l 21d/ Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

2-(4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-

2-yl)-5-(3-((2-ethylhexyl)oxy)-2hydroxypropoxy)phenol

Solubility in water  $< 0.1 \, \text{mg/l}$ 

NOT rapidly degradable

1-methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl

decanedioate bis(1,2,2,6,6-

pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl) decanedioate Solubility in water

NOT rapidly degradable

< 100 mg/l

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Solubility in water < 0,02 mg/l

NOT rapidly degradable

AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS, C9

Rapidly degradable 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable OECD GI 301F 83% 10 d N-BUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water 5,3 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2-(4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-

2-yl)-5-(3-((2-ethylhexyl)oxy)-2-

hydroxypropoxy)phenol

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 9,6

< 11 (OECD 305)

CGL 479

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water > 6

**BCF** 29 Cyprinus carpio

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,2 BCF 100

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,3 **BCF** 15,3

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

2-(4,6-bis(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-

2-yl)-5-(3-((2-ethylhexyl)oxy)-2-

hydroxypropoxy)phenol

Partition coefficient: soil/water 5,6

CGL 479

Partition coefficient: soil/water > 5,4

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: soil/water 1,7

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: soil/water < 3

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#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

## **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

# **SECTION 14. Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1993

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS, C9; N-BUTYL ACETATE)

IMDG: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS, C9; N-BUTYL ACETATE)

IATA: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS, C9; N-BUTYL ACETATE)

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

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#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally

Hazardous

IMDG: Marine Pollutant

IATA:

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

Pass.:

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: Limited HIN - Kemler: 30 Tunnel

Quantities: 5 restriction code: (D/E)

Special provision: 274, 601

IMDG: EMS: F-E, S-E Limited

Quantities: 5

Maximum

IATA: Cargo: Packaging instructions:

quantity: 220 366

Maximum

Packaging instructions: quantity: 60 L

355

Special provision: АЗ

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

# **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c-E2

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

**Product** 

3 - 40 Point

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

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Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

#### **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1

Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2

Aquatic Chronic 4 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 4

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule

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- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament

- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EÚ) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EŬ) 2019/Ì148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
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- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
  22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

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Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annohemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.  Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determ Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless Changes to previous review:	nined otherwise in Section 11.
The following sections were modified: 01 / 03 / 10.	