	MEC ITALIA SRL	Revision nr. 10
		Dated 15/05/2017
	PLT TEX B CATALYST	Printed on 23/05/2017
	FET TEX B CATALIST	Page n. 1/16
	Safety data sheet	
SECTION 1. Identification of the	e substance/mixture and of the com	pany/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	PLT TEX B CATALYST	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substat Intended use Aromatic poly	nce or mixture and uses advised against /urethane adduct.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety da	a sheet	
Name	COMEC ITALIA SRL	
Name Full address		
Name Full address	COMEC ITALIA SRL Piazzale del Lavoro 149 21044 Cavaria (VA)	
Name Full address	COMEC ITALIA SRL Piazzale del Lavoro 149 21044 Cavaria (VA) ITALY	
Name Full address District and Country	COMEC ITALIA SRL Piazzale del Lavoro 149 21044 Cavaria (VA) ITALY Tel. +39 0331 219516	
 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety dat Name Full address District and Country e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet Product distribution by: 	COMEC ITALIA SRL Piazzale del Lavoro 149 21044 Cavaria (VA) ITALY Tel. +39 0331 219516	

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:		
Flammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Acute toxicity, category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
		exposure.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Respiratory sensitization, category 1	H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitization, category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Skin irritation, category 2 Respiratory sensitization, category 1	H315 H334	Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:

	COMEC IT	ALIA SR	L	Revision nr. 10 Dated 15/05/2017
	PLT T	EX B		Printed on 23/05/2017
				Page n. 2/16
Signal words:	Danger			
zard statements:				
1226 1332 1373 1319 1315 1334 1317 EUH204 EUH208	Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause allergy or asthma s May cause an allergic skin rea Contains isocyanates. May pro Contains: m-Tolilidene diisocyanate May produce an allergic reacti	through prolor symptoms or b action. oduce an aller	reathing difficulties if inhaled.	
ecautionary stateme				
2210 2280 2304+P340 2312 2314 2342+P311 2370+P378	Wear personal protective equi IF INHALED: Remove person Call a POISON CENTRE or a Get medical advice / attention	ipment / face p to fresh air an doctor if you fo if you feel unv nptoms: Call a	d keep comfortable for breathing. eel unwell. vell. POISON CENTER and/or a doctol	
contains:	Aromatic polyurethane adduct XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISON			
.3. Other hazards				
the basis of availab	ble data, the product does not contair	n any PBT or v	PvB in percentage greater than 0,1	%.
SECTION 3. C	omposition/information c	on ingredi	ents	
.1. Substances				
ormation not relevar	nt			
3.2. Mixtures				
ontains:				
	ard (H) phrases is given in section 1 x	6 of the sheet. = Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008	
e full wording of haz dentification				
			(CLP)	

CC	OMEC ITALIA SRI	-	Revision nr. 10 Dated 15/05/2017
			Printed on 23/05/2017
	PLT TEX B		Page n. 3/16
		1 H317	
EC 500-120-8		1 11317	
INDEX -			
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)			
CAS 1330-20-7	16,5 ≤ x < 18	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Note C	
EC 215-535-7			
INDEX 601-022-00-9			
Reg. no. 01-2119488216-32-xxxx			
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE			
CAS 108-65-6	16,5 ≤ x < 18	Flam. Liq. 3 H226	
EC 203-603-9			
INDEX 607-195-00-7			
Reg. no. 01-2119475791-29-xxxx			
m-Tolilidene diisocyanate			
CAS 26471-62-5	0,4 ≤ x < 0,5	Carc. 2 H351, Acute Tox. 2 H330, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412	
EC 247-722-4			
INDEX 615-006-00-4			
Reg. no. 01-2119454791-34-xxxx			

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

COMEC ITALIA SRL	Revision nr. 10
	Dated 15/05/2017
PLT TEX B	Printed on 23/05/2017 Page n. 4/16
SECTION 5. Firefighting measures	
5.1. Extinguishing media	
UITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT tinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that sperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak. NSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT o not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exp	
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	
AZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE access pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion	n products.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
ENERAL INFORMATION se jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of sub sar full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer s tinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. PECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS ormal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification a en circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).	system. Dispose of contaminated water used for
SECTION 6. Accidental release measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	
ock the leakage if there is no hazard. ear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Sect ntamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and	
end away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames	, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.
5.2. Environmental precautions	
e product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground	water.

PLT TEX B

Revision nr. 10

Dated 15/05/2017

Printed on 23/05/2017

Page n. 5/16

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. If the product is flammable, use explosion-proof equipment. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

BGR	България	МИНИСТЕРСТВО НА ТРУДА И СОЦИАЛНАТА ПОЛИТИКА
		МИНИСТЕРСТВО НА ЗДРАВЕОПАЗВАНЕТО НАРЕДБА No 13 от 30
		декември 2003 г
CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb. kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci
DEU	Deutschland	MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2012
DNK	Danmark	Graensevaerdier per stoffer og materialer
ESP	España	INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2015
FRA	France	JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102

		COMEC ITALIA SRL	Revision nr. 10			
			Dated 15/05/2017			
		PLT TEX B	Printed on 23/05/2017			
			Page n. 6/16			
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits				
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81				
POL						
FUL	FUISKa	16 grudnia 2011r	I SPOŁECZNEJ Z UIIIa			
PRT	Portugal	Ministério da Economia e do Emprego Consolida as				
		em matéria de protecção dos trabalhadores contra				
		segurança e a saúde devido à exposição a agentes	químicos no trabalho -			
		Diaro da Republica I 26; 2012-02-06				
SWE	Sverige	Occupational Exposure Limit Values, AF 2011:18				
TUR	Türkiye	2000/39/EC sayılı Direktifin ekidir				
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Di	rective 2006/15/EC;			
		Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directi	ve 91/322/EEC.			
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2016				

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Threshold Limit Value	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
TLV	BGR	275		550		SKIN		
TLV	CZE	270		550		SKIN		
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50			
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50			
TLV	DNK	275	50			SKIN		
VLA	ESP	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
VLEP	FRA	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100			
VLEP	ITA	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
NDS	POL	260		520				
VLE	PRT	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
MAK	SWE	250	50	400	75	SKIN		
ESD	TUR	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
Predicted no-effect concentratio	n - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water Normal value in marine water Normal value for fresh water set Normal value for marine water s Normal value of water, intermitt Normal value of STP microorgan Normal value for the terrestrial of	ediment tent release nisms compartment			0,635 0,0635 3,29 0,329 6,35 100 0,29		mg/l mg/l mg/k mg/l mg/l mg/k	-	
Health - Derived no-effect	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers		0 1 · · · · ·	a .
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral			VND	1,67 mg/kg				
Inhalation			VND	33 mg/m3			VND	272 mg/m3
Skin			VND	54,8 mg/kg			VND	153,5 mg/kg
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISC	OMERS)							

Threshold Limit Value Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	221		442		SKIN

	C	OMEC ITAL	IA SRL				sion nr. 10 d 15/05/2017	
		PLT TEX	В			Printe	ed on 23/05/2017	
						Page	n. 7/16	
TLV	CZE	200		400		SKIN		
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN		
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN		
VLA	ESP	221	50	442	100	SKIN		
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN		
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100			
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN		
NDS	POL	100						
VLE	PRT	221	50	442	100	SKIN		
MAK	SWE	221	50	442	100	SKIN		
ESD	TUR	221	50	442	100	SKIN		
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN		
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150			
Predicted no-effect concer	ntration - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water Normal value in marine water Normal value for fresh water sediment Normal value for water, intermittent release Normal value of STP microorganisms Normal value for the terrestrial compartment				0,327 0,327 12,46 12,46 0,327 6,58 2,31		mg/l mg/l mg/ky mg/ky mg/l mg/l	9	
Health - Derived no-et	ffect level - DNEL / Effects on	DMEL			Effects on			
Route of exposure	consumers Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	workers Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral			VND	1,6 mg/kg/d		- ,		-,
Inhalation Skin	174 mg/m3	174 mg/m3	VND VND	14,8 mg/m3 108 mg/kg/d	289 mg/m3 174 mg/m3	289 mg/m3 VND	77 mg/m3 VND	77 mg/m3 180 mg/kg
m-Tolilidene diisocya								
Threshold Limit Value Type	e Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min				
	,	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
TLV-ACGIH		0,036	0,005	0,14	0,02			

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

Revision nr. 10

Dated 15/05/2017 Printed on 23/05/2017

PLT TEX B

Page n. 8/16

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability. The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Vapour densityNot availableRelative densityNot availableSolubilityinsoluble in waterPartition coefficient: n-octanol/waterNot availableAuto-ignition temperatureNot availableDecomposition temperatureNot availableViscosityNot availableExplosive propertiesNot available
Oxidising properties Not available

9.2. Other information

COMEC ITALIA SRL	Revision nr. 10
	Dated 15/05/2017
PLT TEX B	Printed on 23/05/2017
	Page n. 9/16

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Reacts violently with: strong oxidants, strong acids, nitric acid, perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE Incompatible with: oxidising substances,strong acids,alkaline metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

COMEC ITALIA SRL	Revision nr. 10 Dated 15/05/2017
PLT TEX B	Printed on 23/05/2017 Page n. 10/16
SECTION 11. Toxicological information	
11.1. Information on toxicological effects	
Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressu	ure of the product.
Information on likely routes of exposure	
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.	
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.	
Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and resp	piratory apparatus.
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbar can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalie irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).	
Interactive effects XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) b (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentratior 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The me phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conju decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism	n of xylenes in the blood increases approx. etabolism of the xylenes is increased by ugation with the glycine, which results in a
ACUTE TOXICITY LC50 (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture:LC50 (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture:	
> 20 mg/l LC50 (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture:LC50 (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component) LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component) LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:	
>2000 mg/kg	
m-Tolilidene diisocyanate 6170 mg/kg LD50 (Oral)	
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) 3523 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Oral) 4350 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Dermal) 26 mg/l/4h Rat	
LC50 (Inhalation) 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE	

Revision nr. 10

Dated 15/05/2017 Printed on 23/05/2017

PLT TEX B

Page n. 11/16

8530 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Oral) > 5000 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal) > 4345 ppm/6h Ratto / Rat LC50 (Inhalation)

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritationCauses skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION Causes serious eye irritationCauses serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION Sensitising for the skinSensitising for the skin

Sensitising for the respiratory systemSensitising for the respiratory system

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard classDoes not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard classDoes not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard classDoes not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard classDoes not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE May cause damage to organsMay cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard classDoes not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SECTION 12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) LC50 - for Fish	2,6 mg/l/96h Fish
EC50 - for Crustacea	1 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants	1,9 mg/l/72h Selenastrum capricornutum
2-METHOXY-1- METHYLETHYL ACETATE LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea	134 mg/l/96h Pesce, Oncorhynchus mykiss OECD 203 > 500 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic	> 1000 mg/l/72h Selenastrum capricornutum OECD 201
Plants Chronic NOEC for Fish	47,5 mg/l Oryzias latipes 14 gg OECD 204
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	100 mg/l Dapnia magna 21 gg OECD 202

COMEC ITALIA SRL	Revision nr. 10 Dated 15/05/2017
PLT TEX B	Printed on 23/05/2017
	Page n. 12/16

12.2. Persistence and degradability

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Solubility in water Rapidly biodegradable	100 - 100 mg/l mg/l
2-METHOXY-1- METHYLETHYL ACETATE Solubility in water Rapidly biodegradable	> 10000 mg/l
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water BCF	3,12 25,9
2-METHOXY-1- METHYLETHYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1,2
12.4. Mobility in soil	
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Partition coefficient: soil/water	2,73

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

COMEC ITALIA SRL	Revision nr. 10 Dated 15/05/2017
PLI IEX B	Printed on 23/05/2017 Page n. 13/16

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, 1866 IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	RESIN SOLUTION
IMDG:	RESIN
1474	SOLUTION
IATA:	RESIN SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, Ш IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 30 Special Provision: 640E	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u>	Limited Quantities: 5 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 220 L	Packaging instructions: 366
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 355

COMEC ITALIA SRL	Revision nr. 10 Dated 15/05/2017
PLT TEX B	Printed on 23/05/2017 Page n. 14/16
Special Instructions:	A3
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code	
Information not relevant	
SECTION 15. Regulatory information	
15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or n	nixture
Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: P5c	
Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation	1907/2006
Product Point 3 - 40	
Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)	
On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,	1%.
Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH)	
None	
Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:	
None	
Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:	
None	
Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:	
None	
Healthcare controls	
Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.	k-assessment data prove that the risks related to the
15.2. Chemical safety assessment	
No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.	
	1

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3

Flammable liquid, category 3

Revision nr. 10

Dated 15/05/2017

PLT TEX B

Printed on 23/05/2017 Page n. 15/16

Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 2	Acute toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Resp. Sens. 1	Respiratory sensitization, category 1
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH204	Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.
LEGEND:	
	ment concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road

- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number

CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)

CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)

- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule

II.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals

- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50% IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation

COMEC ITALIA SRL	Revision nr. 10
	Dated 15/05/2017
PLT TEX B	Printed on 23/05/2017
	Page n. 16/16

- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy
- Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 06 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 14 / 15.