COME	C ITALIA SRL	Revision nr. 5
		Dated 13/01/2023
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•/(//==		Page n. 1/18
		Replaced revision:4 (Dated: 23/04/2021)
	Safety Data Sheet II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REA bstance/mixture and of the company/under	
		. cannig
1.1. Product identifier Product name UFI :	CATALIZZATORE: PLH, 6JK0-80HU-J00X-JEW9	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance orIntended usePad printing tharded	•	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data she	et	
Name	COMEC ITALIA SRL	
Full address	Piazzale del lavoro 149	
District and Country	21044 Cavaria ITALIA	
	tel. 0331 219516	
	fax 0331 216161	
e-mail address of the competent person		
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	info@comec-italia.it	
Supplier:	Edgardo Baggini	
1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to	CENTRO ANTIVELENI OSPEDALE NIGUARDA MILANO CENTRO ANTIVELENI POLICLINICO A.GEMELL ROMA	
SECTION 2. Hazards identification		
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture		

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:		
Flammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Acute toxicity, category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
		exposure.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Respiratory sensitization, category 1	H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing
		difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitization, category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2.2. Label elements

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Hazard labelling pursu	ant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and	supplements.
Hazard pictograms:		
Signal words:	Danger	
Hazard statements:		
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H332 H373	Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated expos	sure.
H319 H315	Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation.	
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if in	haled.
H317 EUH204	May cause an allergic skin reaction. Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.	
Precautionary stateme	ents:	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other	ignition sources. No smoking.
P280 P333+P313	Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face p If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.	rotection.
P337+P313 P370+P378	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention. In case of fire: use chemical powder, CO2 or dry send to extinguish	
P501	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with the regulation	
Contains:	XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Aromatic polyurethane adduct	
As from 24 August 202	23 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use.	
2.3. Other hazards		
On the basis of availa	ble data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ th	an 0,1%.
The product does not	contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥	0.1%.
SECTION 3. C	omposition/information on ingredients	
3.2. Mixtures		
Contains:		
Identification	x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (Cl	-P)
Aromatic polyureth	ane adduct	

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INDEX -	66 ≤ x < 70	Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Sens. 1 H317	
EC 500-120-8			
CAS 53317-61-6			
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)			
INDEX 601-022-00-9	16,5≤x< 18	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H3 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note accordi Regulation: C	15, STOT SE 3 H335,
EC 215-535-7		STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation vapours	: 11,58 mg/l/4h
CAS 1330-20-7			
REACH Reg. 01-2119488216-32- xxxx 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE			
INDEX 607-195-00-7	16,5 ≤ x < 18	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336	
EC 203-603-9			
CAS 108-65-6			
REACH Reg. 01-2119475791-29- xxxx m-Tolilidene diisocyanate			
INDEX 615-006-00-4	0,48 ≤ x < 0,5	Carc. 2 H351, Acute Tox. 2 H330, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, SE 3 H335, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1 H31	
EC 247-722-4		STA Inhalation vapours: 0,501 mg/l	
CAS 26471-62-5			

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

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SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ.
	1	СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари
		2020г.)
CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se
		stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte.
		MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher
		Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56
DNK	Danmark	Bekendtgørelse om grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer - BEK nr 1458 af 13/12/2019
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NLD	Nederland	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste
		lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit
PRT	Portugal	Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os agentes
		químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos ligados à
POL	Polska	exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie
FOL	FUISKa	w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w
		w sprawie rajwyższych objuszczaniych siężen natężen czynników szkodniwych dla zdrówia w środowisku pracy
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea
1.00	Romania	si completarea hotără rii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
SWE	Sverige	Hygieniska gränsvärden, Arbetsmiljöverkets föreskrifter och allmänna råd om hygieniska gränsvärden (AFS
0	erenge	2018:1)
TUR	Türkiye	, Kimyasal Maddelerle Çalışmalarda Sağlık ve Güvenlik Önlemleri Hakkında Yönetmelik 12.08.2013 / 28733
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983;
		Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive
		2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2021

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observation	IS	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
TLV	BGR	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
TLV	CZE	270	49,14	550	100,1	SKIN		
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50			
МАК	DEU	270	50	270	50			
TLV	DNK	275	50			SKIN	E	
VLA	ESP	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
VLEP	FRA	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
VLEP	ITA	275	50	550	100	SKIN		

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VLE

TLV

ESD

WEL

OEL

NDS/NDSCh

NGV/KGV

PRT

POL

ROU

SWE

TUR

GBR

EU

221

100

221

221

221

220

221

50

50

50

50

50

50

442

200

442

442

442

441

442

100

100

100

100

100

100

SKIN

SKIN

SKIN

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700								
TGG	NLD	550						
VLE	PRT	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
NDS/NDSCh	POL	260		520		SKIN		
TLV	ROU	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
NGV/KGV	SWE	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
ESD	TUR	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100	SKIN		
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN		
Predicted no-effect concer	ntration - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh wate	er			0,635	mg	J/I		
Normal value in marine wa	ater			0,0635	mg	ı/I		
Normal value for fresh wa	ter sediment			3,29	mg	ı/kg		
Normal value for marine w	vater sediment			0,329	mg	ı/I		
Normal value for water, in	termittent release			6,35	mg	ı/I		
Normal value of STP micro	oorganisms			100	mg	ı/I		
		DMEL		0,29		J/kg		
Health - Derived no-e	ffect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers		Chronic local		Effects on workers		Chronic local	Chronic
Health - Derived no-e	ffect level - DNEL / I Effects on	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Effects on	/kg Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Health - Derived no-e Route of exposure Oral	ffect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers		VND	Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg	Effects on workers Acute local	Acute		systemic
Health - Derived no-e Route of exposure Oral Inhalation	ffect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers		VND 33 mg/m3	Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3	Effects on workers	Acute	VND	systemic 275 mg/m3
Health - Derived no-e Route of exposure Oral	ffect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers		VND	Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg	Effects on workers Acute local	Acute		systemic
Health - Derived no-e Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin	ffect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers Acute local		VND 33 mg/m3	Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3	Effects on workers Acute local	Acute	VND	systemic 275 mg/m3
Health - Derived no-e Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin XYLENE (MIXTURE O	ffect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers Acute local		VND 33 mg/m3	Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3	Effects on workers Acute local	Acute	VND	systemic 275 mg/m3
Health - Derived no-e Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin XYLENE (MIXTURE O	ffect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers Acute local		VND 33 mg/m3	Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3	Effects on workers Acute local	Acute systemic	VND VND	systemic 275 mg/m3
Health - Derived no-e Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin XYLENE (MIXTURE O Threshold Limit Value	ffect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers Acute local	Acute systemic	VND 33 mg/m3	Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 54,8 mg/kg	Effects on workers Acute local	Acute systemic	VND VND	systemic 275 mg/m3
Health - Derived no-e Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin XYLENE (MIXTURE O Threshold Limit Value Type	ffect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers Acute local	Acute systemic	VND 33 mg/m3 VND	Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 54,8 mg/kg STEL/15min	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3	Acute systemic	VND VND	systemic 275 mg/m3
Health - Derived no-e Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin XYLENE (MIXTURE O Threshold Limit Value Type	ffect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers Acute local OF ISOMERS) e Country	Acute systemic	VND 33 mg/m3 VND	Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 54,8 mg/kg STEL/15min mg/m3	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3	Acute systemic Remarks Observat	VND VND	systemic 275 mg/m3
Health - Derived no-e Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin XYLENE (MIXTURE O Threshold Limit Value Type TLV TLV	ffect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers Acute local DF ISOMERS) e Country BGR	Acute systemic TWA/8h mg/m3 221	VND 33 mg/m3 VND ppm 50	Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 54,8 mg/kg STEL/15min mg/m3 442	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3	Acute systemic Remarks Observat	VND VND	systemic 275 mg/m3
Health - Derived no-e Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin XYLENE (MIXTURE O Threshold Limit Value Type TLV TLV TLV AGW	ffect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers Acute local DF ISOMERS) e Country BGR CZE	Acute systemic TWA/8h mg/m3 221 200	VND 33 mg/m3 VND ppm 50 45,4	Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 54,8 mg/kg STEL/15min mg/m3 442 400	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3	Acute systemic Remarks Observat SKIN SKIN	VND VND	systemic 275 mg/m3
Health - Derived no-e Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin XYLENE (MIXTURE O Threshold Limit Value Type TLV TLV AGW MAK	ffect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers Acute local DF ISOMERS) e Country BGR CZE DEU	Acute systemic Acute systemic TWA/8h mg/m3 221 200 440	VND 33 mg/m3 VND ppm 50 45,4 100	Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 54,8 mg/kg STEL/15min mg/m3 442 400 880	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3 550 mg/m3 00 00 00 90,8 200	Acute systemic Remarks Observal SKIN SKIN SKIN	VND VND	systemic 275 mg/m3
Health - Derived no-e Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin XYLENE (MIXTURE O Threshold Limit Value Type TLV TLV AGW MAK TLV	ffect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers Acute local DF ISOMERS) e Country BGR CZE DEU DEU DEU	Acute systemic Acute systemic TWA/8h mg/m3 221 200 440 440	VND 33 mg/m3 VND ppm 50 45,4 100 100	Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 54,8 mg/kg STEL/15min mg/m3 442 400 880	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3 550 mg/m3 00 00 00 90,8 200	Acute systemic Remarks Observat SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN	VND VND	systemic 275 mg/m3
Health - Derived no-e Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin XYLENE (MIXTURE O Threshold Limit Value TLV TLV AGW MAK TLV VLA	ffect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers Acute local	Acute systemic Acute systemic TWA/8h mg/m3 221 200 440 440 109	VND 33 mg/m3 VND ppm 50 45,4 100 100 25	Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 54,8 mg/kg STEL/15min mg/m3 442 400 880 880	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3 550 mg/m3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 8 200 200	Acute systemic Remarks Observat SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN	VND VND	systemic 275 mg/m3
Inhalation Skin XYLENE (MIXTURE O Threshold Limit Value	ffect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers Acute local	Acute systemic Acute systemic TWA/8h mg/m3 221 200 440 440 109 221	VND 33 mg/m3 VND ppm 50 45,4 100 100 25 50	Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 54,8 mg/kg STEL/15min mg/m3 442 400 880 880 880	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3 550 mg/m3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Acute systemic Remarks Observat SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN	VND VND	systemic 275 mg/m3

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ILV-ACGIH			20					
Predicted no-effect concentra	ation DNEC		20					
	alion - PNEC			0.007		.0		
Normal value in fresh water				0,327	mg			
Normal value in marine wate				0,327	mg			
Normal value for fresh water				12,46	mg	-		
Normal value for marine wat				12,46	mg	-		
Normal value for water, inter				0,327	mg			
Normal value of STP microo	rganisms			6,58	mg	/1		
Normal value for the terrestri	ial compartment			2,31	mg	/kg		
Health - Derived no-effe	ect level - DNEL / Effects on consumers	DMEL			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral			VND	1,6 mg/kg/d				
Inhalation Skin	174 mg/m3	174 mg/m3	VND VND	14,8 mg/m3	289 mg/m3 174 mg/m3	289 mg/m3 VND	77 mg/m3 VND	77 mg/m3
5611			VIND	108 mg/kg/d	174 mg/m3	VIND	VIND	180 mg/kg
m-Tolilidene diisocyana Threshold Limit Value	ate							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observation		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
NDS/NDSCh	POL	0,007		0,021				
NGV/KGV	SWE	0,014	0,002	0,04	0,005			
TLV-ACGIH		0,036	0,005	0,14	0,02			
Predicted no-effect concentration	ation - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water				0,0125	mg	/I		
Normal value in marine wate	r			0,00125	mg	/I		
Normal value for water, inter	mittent release			0,125	mg	/I		
Normal value of STP microo	rganisms			1	mg	/I		
Normal value for the terrestri	al compartment			1	mg	/kg		
Health - Derived no-effe	Effects on	DMEL			Effects on			
	consumers Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	workers Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Route of exposure				systemic				

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

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Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required. Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	liquid	
Colour	colourless	
Odour	typical of solvent	
Melting point / freezing point	not available	
Initial boiling point	> 130 °C	
Flammability	not available	
Lower explosive limit	1 % (v/v)	
Upper explosive limit	7 % (v/v)	
Flash point	27 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	not available	
Decomposition temperature	not available	
pH	not available	

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Kinematic viscosity not available insoluble in water Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not available Vapour pressure not available Density and/or relative density not available Relative vapour density not available Particle characteristics not applicable 9.2. Other information 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU)	33,00 %
VOC (volatile carbon)	23,44 %

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Reacts violently with: strong oxidants, strong acids, nitric acid, perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

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Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

Information on likely routes of exposure

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

Interactive effects

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XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

LD50 (Dermal): STA (Dermal):

LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

m-Tolilidene diisocyanate

LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours): STA (Inhalation vapours):

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

Sensitising for the respiratory system

> 20 mg/l Not classified (no significant component) >2000 mg/kg

> 5000 mg/kg Coniglio / Rabbit 8500 mg/kg Ratto / Rat 4345 ppm/6h Ratto / Rat

4350 mg/kg Rabbit 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture) 3523 mg/kg Rat

11,58 mg/l/4h Rat

> 9400 mg/kg Coniglio / Rabbit
4130 mg/kg Ratto / Rat
0,47 mg/l/1h Ratto / Rat
0,501 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

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GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

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12.1. Toxicity

m-Tolilidene diisocyanate		
LC50 - for Fish		133 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea		12,5 mg/l/48h Daphnia
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Pl	lants	3230 mg/l/96h 96h
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea		1,1 mg/l 504h
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETH	HYL ACETATE	
LC50 - for Fish		134 mg/l/96h Pesce, Oncorhynchus mykiss OECD 203
EC50 - for Crustacea		> 500 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Pl	lants	> 1000 mg/l/72h Selenastrum capricornutum OECD 201
Chronic NOEC for Fish		47,5 mg/l Oryzias latipes 14 gg OECD 204
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	a	100 mg/l Dapnia magna 21 gg OECD 202
12.2. Persistence and degrad	dability	
m-Tolilidene diisocyanate		
NOT rapidly degradable		
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISO	MERS)	
Solubility in water	,	100 - 1000 mg/l
Rapidly degradable 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETH	HYL ACETATE	ů –
Solubility in water		> 10000 mg/l
Rapidly degradable OECD GI 301F 83% 10 d 12.3. Bioaccumulative poten	tial	
m-Tolilidene diisocyanate		
Partition coefficient: n-octand	alwator	3,43
	J/ Water	0,40
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISO	MERS)	
Partition coefficient: n-octanc	ol/water	3,12
BCF		25,9
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETH		
Partition coefficient: n-octano	ol/water	1,2
BCF		100
12.4. Mobility in soil		
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISO	MFRS)	
Partition coefficient: soil/wate		2,73
		_, _
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETH	HYL ACETATE	
Partition coefficient: soil/wate	er	1,7

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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1866

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	RESIN SOLUTION
IMDG:	RESIN SOLUTION
IATA:	RESIN SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3

14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

III



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4.5. Environmen	tal hazards	
4.5. Environmen ADR / RID:	tal hazards NO	

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 30 Special provision: -	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u>	Limited Quantities: 5 I	
IATA:	Cargo:	L Maximum quantity: 220 L	Packaging instructions: 366
	Pass:	_ Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 355
	Special provision:	A3	

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c

Restrictions relating to the produ	ct or contained subst	ances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006
Product Point	3 - 40	
Contained substance		
Point	75	
Point	74	DIISOCYANATES
Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on	the marketing and us	e of explosives precursors
not applicable		
Substances in Candidate List (A	<u>rt. 59 REACH)</u>	
On the basis of available data, th	ne product does not c	ontain any SVHC in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

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Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 2	Acute toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Resp. Sens. 1	Respiratory sensitization, category 1
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

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H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
H317		
H336	May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H412		
EUH204	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.	
2011204		
 ATE: Acuta CAS: Cher CE50: Effe CE: Identif CLP: Regu DNEL: Det EmS: Eme GHS: Glob IATA DGR IC50: Imm IMDG: Interr IMDG: Interr INDEX: Ide LC50: Lett DEL: Pred PEC: Pred PEC: Pred PEACH: R RID: Regu TLV: Thres TLV CEILI TWA STEI VOC: Vola vPvB: Very WGK: Wat 	pean Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road = Toxicity Estimate inical Abstract Service Number ctive concentration (required to induce a 50% effect) ier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances) lation (EC) 1272/2008 ived No Effect Level rgency Schedule ally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals : International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation obilization Concentration 50% rrational Maritime Code for dangerous goods autional Maritime Corganization entifier in Annex VI of CLP all Concentration 50% lad dose 50% pational Exposure Level stent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation icted environmental Concentration cted exposure level dicted no effect concentration egulation (EC) 1907/2006 lation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train shold Limit Value NG: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure. -weighted average exposure limit : Short-term exposure limit tile organic Compounds / Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation er hazard classes (German).	
1. Regulatio 2. Regulatio 3. Regulatio 4. Regulatio 5. Regulatio 6. Regulatio 7. Regulatio 9. Regulatio 9. Regulatio 10. Regulati 11. Regulati 12. Regulati	n (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament n (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament n (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation) n (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament n (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament n (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament n (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament n (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament n (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament n (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament on (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament on (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament on (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)	
14. Regulati 15. Regulati 16. Delegate	on (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP) on (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP) on (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP) ed Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP) on (EU) 2019/1148	

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- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP) 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP) The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website

- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP. Part 4. unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

For information on any exposure scenarios of the substances present in the mixture, contact Sericom Italia srl.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 02 / 03 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 15 / 16.